

#### **INSTALLATION MANUAL AND USER MANUAL**











# **MONOBLOC DRIVE 35TX**

Serie

**MONOBLOC DRIVE** 

Edition

6/25

Models

**AOWD MB AT35T** 

Warmlink APP



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In order to provide the customers with high quality, strong reliability and good versatility product, this heat pump is produced by strict design and manufacture standards. This manual includes all the necessary information about installation, debugging, discharging and maintenance. Please read this manual carefully before you open or maintain the unit.

The manufacture of this product will not be held responsible if someone is injured or the unit is damaged, as a result of improper installation, debugging, unnecessary maintenance which is not in line with this manual.

The unit must be installed by qualified personnel.

- It is vital that the below instructions are adhered to at all times to keep the warranty.
  - —The unit can only be opened or repaired by qualified installer or an authorised dealer.
  - —Maintenance and operation must be carried out according to the recommended time and frequency, as stated in this manual.
  - -Use genuine standard spare parts only.

Failure to comply with these recommendations will invalidate the warranty.

Inverter air source water heat pump is a kind of high efficiency, energy saving and environment friendly equipment, which is mainly used for house warming. It can work with any kind of indoor unit such fan coil, radiator, or floor heating pipe, by provide warm or hot water. One unit of monobloc heat pump can also work with several indoor units. The air source water heat pump unit is designed to have heat recovery by using super heater which can provide hot water for sanitary purpose.

This series of heat pump unit owns following features:

1 Advanced controlling

The PC microcomputer based controller is available for the users to review or set the running parameters of the heat pump. Centralized controlling system can control several units by PC.

2 Nice appearance

The heat pump is designed with beautiful looking. This monoblock model does NOT include the water pump

3 Flexible installation

The unit has smart structure with compact body, just simple outdoor installation is needed.

- 4 Quiet running
  - High quality and efficient compressor, fan and water pump is used to ensure the low noise level with insulation.
- 5 Good heat exchange rate

The heat pump unit use special designed heat exchanger to enhance whole efficiency.

6 Large working range This series of heat pump is designed to work under different working conditions as low as -15 degrees for heating.

# Safety Precaution

To prevent the users and others from the harm of this unit, and avoid damage on the unit or other property, and use the heat pump properly, please read this manual carefully and understand the following information correctly.

# Mark Notes

| Mark      | Meaning   |  |  |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| WARNING   | A wrong operation may lead to death or heavy injury on people.    |  |  |
| ATTENTION | A wrong operation may lead to harm on people or loss of material. |  |  |

# Icon notes

| Icon       | Meaning  |
|------------|--|
| $\Diamond$ | Prohibition. What is prohibited will be nearby this icon               |
| •          | Compulsory implement. The listed action need to be taken.              |
| <u> </u>   | ATTENTION (include WARNING) Please pay attention to what is indicated. |

# Warning

| Installation                        | Meaning   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Professional installer is required. | The heat pump must be installed by qualified personals, to avoid improper installation which can lead to water leakage, electrical shock or fire. |
| Earthing is required                | Please make sure that the unit and power connection have good earthing, otherwise may cause electrical shock.                                     |

| Operation | Meaning  |  |
|-----------|--|--|
|           | DO NOT put fingers or others into the fans and evaporator of the unit, otherwise harm may be occurred.   |  |
| U         | When there is something wrong or strange smell, the power supply need to be shut off to stop the unit. Continue to run may cause electrical short or fire. |  |

| Move and repair     | Meaning  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>O</b><br>Entrust | When the heat pump need to be moved or installed again, please entrust dealer or qualified person to carry it out. Improper installation will lead to water leakage, electrical shock, injury or fire.   |
| <b>P</b><br>Entrust | It is prohibited to repair the unit by the user himself, otherwise electrical shock or fire may be occur.  |
| Prohibit            | When the heat pump need to be repaired, please entrust dealer or qualified person to carry it out. Improper movement or repair on the unit will lead to water leakage, electrical shock, injury or fire. |



Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, Other than those recimmended by the manufacturer.



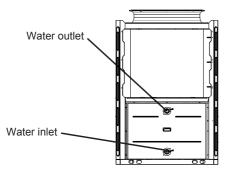
The appliance shall be stored in a room and install In the environment without continuously operating or potential ignition sources (for example:open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater or Electric Spark or hot object)

# ATTENTION

| Installation         | Meaning   |
|----------------------|---|
| Installation Place   | The unit CANNOT be installed near the flammable gas. Once there is any leakage of the gas, fire can be occur.       |
| Fix the unit         | Make sure that the basement of the heat pump is strong enough, to avoid any decline or fall down of the unit        |
| Need circuit breaker | Make sure that there is circuit breaker for the unit, lack of circuit breaker can lead to electrical shock or fire. |

| Operation                       | Meaning  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Check the installation basement | Please check the installation basement in a period (one month), to avoid any decline or damage on the basement, which may hurt people or damage the unit |
| Switch off the power            | Please switch off the power for clean or maintenance.  |
| Prohibition                     | It is prohibited to use copper or iron as fuse. The right fuse must be fixed by electrician for the heat pump.   |
| Prohibition                     | It is prohibited to spray the flammable gas to the heat pump as it may cause fire.   |

# 1. Appearance and structure of the heat pump





The longest distance of installing the remote controller is 200 meters.

#### 2. The data of unit

\*\*\* REFRIGERANT: R290

| Model                       |       | AOWD MB AT35T     |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|--|--|
| Heating Capacity(A)         | kW    | 13.63~50.00       |  |  |
| Heating Power Input(A)      | kW    | 4.36~16.00        |  |  |
| Cooling Capacity(B)         | kW    | 9.27~34.00        |  |  |
| Cooling Power Input(B)      | kW    | 3.91~14.35        |  |  |
| Hot Water Capacity(C)       | kW    | 16.36~70.00       |  |  |
| Hot Water Power Input(C)    | KW    | 5.29~19.40        |  |  |
| Hot Water Capacity(D)       | KW    | 8.24~28.77        |  |  |
| Hot Water Power Input(D)    | KW    | 6.01~22.00        |  |  |
| Rated Power Input           | KW    | 19.4              |  |  |
| Rated Current Input         | Α     | 30.0              |  |  |
| Power Supply                |       | 380~415V/3N~/50Hz |  |  |
| Compressor Quantity         |       | 2                 |  |  |
| Compressor Model            |       | Rotary            |  |  |
| Fan Quantity                |       | 1                 |  |  |
| Fan Power Input             | W     | 750               |  |  |
| Fan Rotate Speed            | RPM   | 850               |  |  |
| REFRIGERANT                 | Kg    | R290/1.5 kg*2     |  |  |
| Noise                       | dB(A) | 52.6              |  |  |
| Water Connection            | inch  | 1.5               |  |  |
| Water Flow Volume           | m3/h  | 5.33              |  |  |
| Unit Net Dimensions (L/W/H) | mm    | 1198×980×1816     |  |  |
| Unit Shipping Dimensions    |       | 4000 4000 0000    |  |  |
| (L/W/H)                     | mm    | 1290×1060×2060    |  |  |
| Net Weight                  | kg    | 363               |  |  |
| Shipping Weight             | kg    | 430               |  |  |

A: AMBIENT TEMP.(DB/WB): 7°C/6°C,WATER TEMP.(IN/OUT):30°C/35°C

B: AMBIENT TEMP.(DB/WB): 35°C/24°C,WATER TEMP.(IN/OUT):12°C/7°C

C: AMBIENT TEMP.(DB/WB): 20°C/15°C,WATER TANK TEMPERATURE CIRCULATION FROM 15°C TO 55°C

D: AMBIENT TEMP.(DB/WB): -10°C,WATER TEMP.(IN/OUT):50°C/55°C

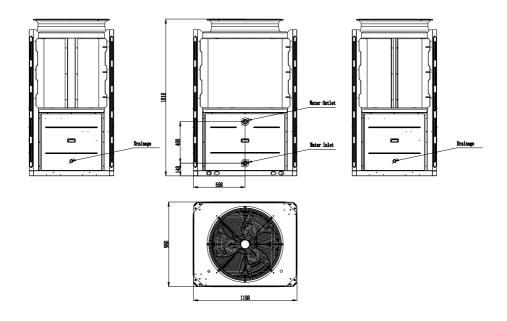
BS EN 14511-1-2013 Air conditioner, whole liquid cooling machine, electric compressor. Part2: Test condition ; Part3:Test method ;

Part4:related requirements.

# Specification

# 3.Unit dimension

# Models:AOWD MB AT35T



#### Unit features

1. Plate heat exchanger

Use the SWEP efficient heat exchanger with small size and high efficiency.

2. Environmentally friendly refrigerant

Use the new generation of environmentally friendly refrigerant R290, which is harmless to the ozone sphere.

3. Heating in frigid environment.

Optimized designed unit can achieve the heating function normally even when the ambient temperature is -25°C.

4. Infusing refrigerant

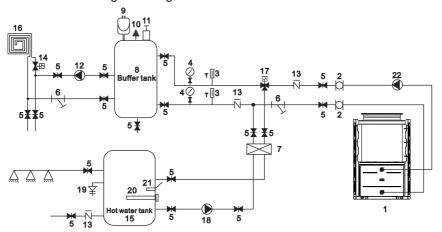
The Heat Pump are lack of refrigerant and full of High-pressure nitrogen instead when Ex-factory. Before operating ,remember follow Operation Manual infusing therefrigerant.

5. Installation Environment

The refrigerant R290 are flammable and explosive , It's prohibit install in one environment which have operating or potential ignition sources  $_{\circ}$ 

### 1 Application of heat pump

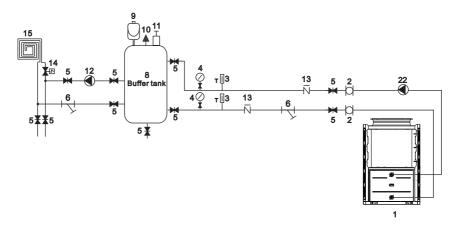
### 1.1 House Heating/Cooling + Domestic Hot Water



| 1 | Heat pump            | 10 | Relief valve                     | 19 | PT valve            | ] |
|---|----------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|---------------------|---|
| 2 | Flexible pipe        | 11 | Air vent valve                   | 20 | Electrical heater   |   |
| 3 | Thermometer          | 12 | Water pump for floor heating     | 21 | Hot water sensor    |   |
| 4 | Manometer            | 13 | Check valve                      | 22 | External Water pump | ] |
| 5 | Shut-off valve       | 14 | Floor heating valve              |    |                     | ] |
| 6 | Y type water filter  | 15 | Hot water tank                   |    |                     |   |
| 7 | Plate heat exchanger | 16 | Floor heating pipe/fan coil unit |    |                     |   |
| 8 | Buffer tank          | 17 | Hot water valve                  |    |                     |   |
| 9 | Expansion tank       | 18 | Hot water pump                   |    |                     |   |

Remark: Item 17, 18, 20, 21 can be connected with heat pump.

### 1.2 House Heating/Cooling



| 1 | Heat pump           | 7  | Plate heat exchanger         | 13 | Check valve                      |
|---|---------------------|----|------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|
| 2 | Flexible pipe       | 8  | Buffer tank                  | 14 | Floor heating valve              |
| 3 | Thermometer         | 9  | Expansion tank               | 15 | Floor heating pipe/fan coil unit |
| 4 | Manometer           | 10 | Relief valve                 | 22 | External Water pump              |
| 5 | Shut-off valve      | 11 | Air vent valve               |    |                                  |
| 6 | Y type water filter | 12 | Water pump for floor heating |    |                                  |

# 2 Choose a right heat pump unit

- 2.1 Based on the local climate condition, construction features and insulation level, calculate the required cooling(heating) capacity per square meter.
- 2.2 Conclude the total capacity which will be needed by the construction.
- 2.3 According to the total capacity needed, choose the right model by consulting the heat. pump features as below:
  - Heat pump features
- © Cooling only unit: chilled water outlet temp. at 5-15°C, maximum ambient temp. at 43°C. Heating and Cooling unit: for cooling chilled water outlet temp. at 5-15°C, maximum ambient temp. at 43°C. For heating, warm water inlet temp. at 40-50°C, minimum ambient temp. at -25°C.
- Unit application Inverter air source water heat pump is used for house, office, hotel, and so forth, which need heating or cooling separately, with each area need to be controlled.

### 3 Installation method

The heat pump can be installed onto the concrete basement by expansion screws, or onto a steel frame with rubber feet which can be placed on the ground or housetop. Make sure that the unit is placed horizontally.

### 4 Installation place

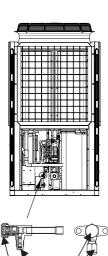
- The unit can be installed on any place outdoor which can carry heavy machine such as terrace, housetop, ground and so on.
- The location must have good ventilation.
- The place is free from heat radiation and other fire flame.
- A pall is needed in winter to protect the heat pump from snow.
- There must be not obstacles near the air inlet and outlet of the heat pump.
- A place which is free from strong air blowing.
- There must be water channel around the heat pump to drain the condensing water.
- There must be enough space around the unit for maintenance.
- A place which is far away operating or potential ignition sources (for example:open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater or Electric Spark or hot object )

# Refrigerant charge

The heat pump is charged with R290 refrigerant, but if it needs to be charged follow these steps to charge R290 refrigerant.



- 5.1.1 Please in a well-ventilated environment while charge refrigerant.
- 5.1.2 Keep away from open flames or potential sources of fire.
- 5.1.3 Disconnect the power supply of the heat pump.
- 5.1.4 Carefully check the nameplate of the heat pump and chargestrictly according to the labeled amount.
- 5.2. Check the pressure of nitrogen gas inside the system. The heat pump has charged about 30 Bar pressure nitrogen gas inside the system, please check whether there is still high-pressure nitrogen before charging refrigerant, otherwise check the leakage point. (Use spanner remove the seal nut 1 and 3, use 5mm inner hexagon spanner open the valve 2. If it can Blowing out the high-pressure gas then the heat pump is not leaking.)
- 5.3. Use 5mm inner hexagon spanner open the valve 2 and release all the nitrogen gas inside the system.
- 5.4. Vacuumize the heat pump. Connect the vacuume pump with the valve 2, keep vacuume pump running until the absolute pressure below 30Pa or operating time more than one hour.
- 5.5. Charge refrigerant. Keep the refrigerant in liquid state when charging and strictly according to the labeled amount.
- 5.6. Finish the charging, close the valve 2 and screw the seal nut 1 and 3





Low pressure

### 6 Water loop connection

Please pay attention to below matters when the water pipe is connected:

- Try to reduce the resistance to the water from the piping.
- The piping must be clear and free from dirty and blocks. Water leakage test must be carried out to ensure there is no water leaking. And then the insulation can be made.
- Attention that the pipe must be tested by pressure separately. DO NOT test it together with the heat pump.
- There must be expansion tank on the top point of the water loop, and the water level in the tank must be at least 0.5 meter higher than the top point of the water loop.
- The flow switch is installed inside of the heat pump, check to ensure that the wiring and action of the switch is normal and controlled by the controller.
- Try to avoid air stayed inside of the water pipe, and there must be air vent on the top point of the water loop.
- There must be thermometer and pressure meter at the water inlet and outlet, for easy inspection during running.

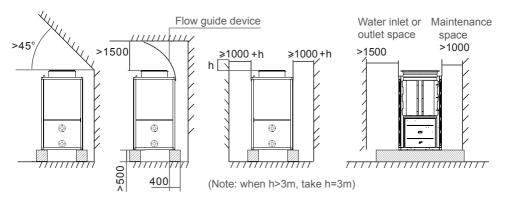
### 7 Power supply connection

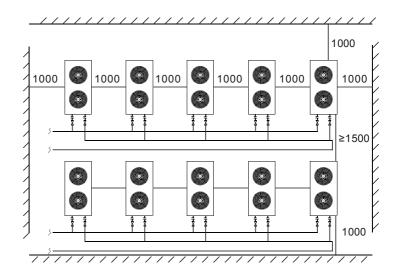
- Open the front panel, and open the power supply access.
- The power supply must go through the wire access and be connected to the power supply terminals in the controlling box. Then connect the 3-signal wire plugs of the wire controller and main controller.
- If the outside water pump is needed, please insert the power supply wire into the wire access also and connect to the water pump terminals.
- If an additional auxiliary heater is need to be controlled by the heat pump controller, the relay (or power) of the aux-heater must be connected to the relevant output of the controller.

### 8 Location of the unit

The unit can be installed separately or in multiple. When multiple units are installed in combination, attention should be paid to their arrangement.

Installation space for single unit: (unit: mm)





Installation space for multiple units (same pipe length): (unit: mm)

Note: • Do not cover the air outlet of the unit;

- If there is a barrier above the unit, please keep it 3000mm above the unit;
- If there are objects stacked around the unit, its height should be at least 400mm lower than the top of the unit;
- When installed in a small room, certain measures should be taken to prevent the leakage of refrigerant. Once leakage volume exceeds the limit concentration, it may cause suffocation. Please consult your dealer for specific measures.

#### 9 Transit

When the heatpump is transported please keep the unit stand up. The unit cannot belaid down, otherwise the innerparts of the device may be damaged.



When the unit need to be hung up during installation, a 8 meters cable is needed, and there must be soft material between the cable and the unit to prevent damage to the heat pump cabinet. (See picture 1)



Or please use forklift, since there is wood chassis as package.



DO NOT touch the heat exchanger of the heat pump with fingers or other objects!

# 10 Trial Running

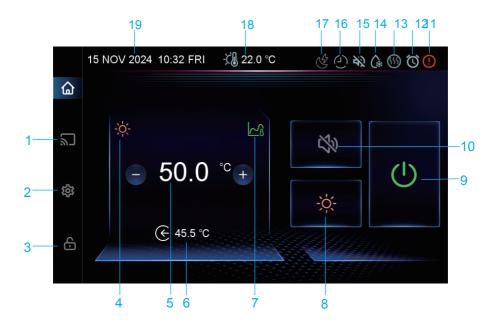
Inspection before trial running

- Check the indoor unit, and make sure that the pipe connection is right and the relevant valves are open.
- Check the water loop, to ensure that the water inside of the expansion tank is enough, the water supply is good, the water loop is full of water and without any air. Also make sure there is good insulation for the water pipe.
- Check the electrical wiring. Make sure that the power voltage is normal, the screws are fastened, the wiring is made in line with the diagram, and the earthing is connected.
- Check the heat pump unit including all of the screws and parts of the heat pump to see if they are in good order. When power on, review the indicator on the controller to see if there is any failure indication. The gas gauge can be connected to the check valve to see the high pressure(or low pressure) of the system during trial running.

# Trial running

- Start the heat pump by press " " key on the controller. Check whether the water pump is running, if it runs normally there will be 0.2 MPa on the water pressure meter.
- When the water pump runs for 1 minutes, the compressor will start. Hear whether there is strange sound from the compressor. If abnormal sound occurs please stop the unit and check the compressor. If the compressor runs well please look for the pressure meter of the refrigerant.
- Then check whether the power input and running current is in line with the manual. If not please stop and check.
- Adjust the valves on the water loop, to make sure that the hot(cool) water supply to each door is good and meet the requirement of heating(or cooling).
- Review whether the outlet water temperature is stable.
- The parameters of the controller are set by the factory, it is not allowed to change then by user himself.

# 5.1 Main interface display and functions



|    | Name                     | Description of operation   |
|----|--------------------------|--|
| 1  | Engineering information  | Click to view the engineering information, unit status, curve, real-time fault               |
| 2  | Function setting         | Click to enter the function setting interface  |
| 3  | Lock screen              | Lock screen button, unlock password 22   |
| 4  | Current mode             | Display a dynamic icon when the unit is running  |
| 5  | Target temp              | Display the currentmode target temp,adjustable   |
| 6  | Current temp             | Display according to H28, and the tank temp is displayed when the hot water mode is selected |
| 7  | Compensation target temp | Cick to view the compensated target temp base on current AT                                  |
| 8  | Mode                     | Click to choose the mode: DHW, heating, cooling, DHW+heating, DHW+cooling                    |
| 9  | On/off                   | Power ON/OFF button, green indicates ON and gray indicates OFF                               |
| 10 | One-click mute           | Click to mute  |
| 11 | Fault icon               | Display when the unit fails, click to enter the real-time fault interface                    |
| 12 | Power timer              | Display when the power on/off timer is enabled   |
| 13 | Electric heater icon     | Display when electric heating is on  |
| 14 | Defrosting icon          | Display when the unit is defrosting  |
| 15 | Mute icon                | Display when the unit is mute  |
| 16 | Schedule icon            | Display when the schedule timer is enabled   |
| 17 | SG Ready icon            | Display SG current mode icon   |
| 18 | AT                       | Display the ambient temp   |
| 19 | System time              | Display the current real-time time   |

#### 5.2.1 Mode switch

Click on the icon to switch to the corresponding selection mode, after setting automatically return to the main interface.

The mode setting screen is displayed according to the H46 and H47 parameters, with up to 5 modes selectable.



### 5.2.2 Engineering information

Click the button in the main interface to enter the project interface.



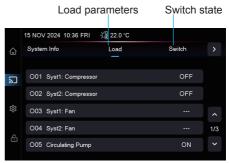
System Info allows you to view the following information:

- Unit state, Unit power, Total cooling capacity, Total heating capacity, Water Flow
- Unit diagram: Display different pictures depending on the model
- System diagram:H02=1 for single system does not show syst2, click to view the corresponding system diagram

#### 5.2.3 Unit State

Click the corresponding status button to view the relevant status parameters of the unit.

The operating data of the heat pump can be accessed from here. Status parameters are viewable only and cannot be modified.



#### 5.2.4 Curve

Click the Curve button to enter the curve recording interface.



- This curve function records the water inlet temp, outlet temp and AT temp
- Temp data is collected and saved every 5 munites and save up to 30 days of data
- Only curve for power-on status is recorded, and that for power-off will not be saved
- Temp curve record is provided with power-down memory function
- The value of the abscissa indicates the time from the point on the curve to the current time point. The rightmost point on the first page is the latest temp record. Page up and down to view historical data

#### 5.2.5 Fault interface

Click the Fault button to enter the real-time fault interface, If the fault recovers, it is no longer displayed.

Detailed information on the faults and their solutions can be found in the fault table at the end of the manual.



# 5.2.6 Function setting

Click the button in the main interface to enter the project interface.





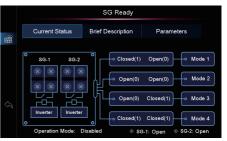
| No. | Name                  | Description of operation   |
|-----|-----------------------|--|
| 1   | Smart Grid            | Click to enter the SG function interface   |
| 2   | Auxiliary Heat Source | Click to enter the auxiliary heat function interface   |
| 3   | Parameters            | Click the key and enter the password to enter the factory parameter settings and status parameters |
| 4   | Schedule              | Click to enter the interface of timer on/off setting and schedule control setting                  |
| 5   | Mute Timer            | Click to enter the mute timer ineterface   |
| 6   | Unit Status           | Click to customer function configuration menu  |
| 7   | System Time           | Click to set the system time   |
| 8   | Language              | Click to change the language   |
| 9   | Brightness            | Click to adjust screen brightness  |

#### 5.2.7 Smart Grid function

Click the \_\_\_\_ button in the project interface to enter the SG function interface.

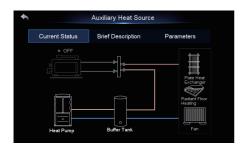
Through one or two contacts, the device receives information on available energy (from the PV system or the electricity supplier) and selects one of the 4 modes based on this information:

- Mode 1: Hibernation, where the heat pump is forced into standby. Standard mode is entered when continuous SG02 is in demand;
- Mode 2: Low energy mode with a maximum operating power of SG03 (when energy is insufficient or too expensive);
- Mode 3: Energy saving mode with maximum operating power SG04;
- Mode 4: Temperature Increasing Cooling/Heat Storage Mode. The heat pump target temp is raised according to SG05/SG06/SG07 and the electric heating is switched on according to SG08. (When energy consumption is low, the appliance can select a higher temp target to speed up heating and provide more domestic hot water).
- To use the SG Ready function, press the "Parameters" key, enter the code "22" and select the number of contacts to be used (1 or 2) in the
- SG01 parameter. The 1st contact (SG-1) is defined as Remote On/Off; the 2nd contact (SG-2) is defined as Remote Heating /Cooling Switch.



### 5.2.8 Auxiliary Heat function

Click the button in the project interface to enter the auxiliary heat function interface.



- Current Status: The current status of the heat pump and auxiliary heat source and wiring diagrams for engineering installations
- Brief Description: Description of the conditions which the auxiliary heat source is turned on
- To use the electric heater function, press the "Parameters" key, enter the code "22" and select "Yes" in the 3rd parameter.

#### 5.2.9 Power timer function

Click on the button in the project interface to enter the power timer function

This is the power on/off timer for the device. Up to 6 different timers are supported to adjust the operation of the device to your needs. Each timer allows you to select the number of days of the week that it will run.



#### Remark:

The time is set in 24-hour format and supports hour and minute settings across days. Start and end times are set to the same time, timing is not effective.

#### 5.2.10 Schedule function

Click the button to enter the schedule function interface.



Support up to 6 different timers are supported to adjust the operation of the device to your needs. You can set the following:

- Start and end time
- Run mode
- Target temp
- Maximum power consumption
- Number of days the timer will run

#### 5.2.11 Mute timer function

Click the button in the project interface to enter the mute timer interface.

The Mute feature minimizes noise levels by limiting compressor and fan speeds. Select the mute start time on the left side of the screen. Select the mute end time on the right side of the screen, which resumes normal operation.

Don't forget to activate the timer by pressing the switch on the right side of the screen.



#### Remark:

If the mute function is not enabled, the timer mute setting is not available

#### 5.2.12 Unit state function

Click the button in the project interface to enter customer function configuration menu.



| Name            | Description of operation   |
|-----------------|--|
| Unit Status     | Turn the page to view all status parameters. Parameters are grouped by label according to the first letter of their code   |
| Parameters      | You can set some of the parameters according to the needs of the heat pump   |
| Fault History   | Record the unit's history of faults, and if a fault is manually cleared, the resolved faults will not appear in the fault log. The fault record has a power-down memory function |
| Unit Info       | Display information about the device software  |
| AT Compensation | Click to set the compensation according to the ambient temperature   |
| RS485 Config    | Click to set the unit address  |

# 5.2.13 Brightness

Click the \_\_\_ button in the project interface to enter the mute timer interface.



- Initialized brightness of 100, when the user set up after the set value to save, the next time the power or off the screen light according to the set brightness display.
- The screen will be darkened after 30s without operation, and then turn off the screen after 5min, and then light up after turning off the screen to return to the main interface.

# 5.3 Electronic control failure code and troubleshooting table

# Failure code and troubleshooting table

| Protection/failure                                  | Codes                                   | Causes   | Removal methods   |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Communication Fault                                 | E08                                     | Abnormal communication between wire controller and the main board                                  | Inspect whether the wire controller, the main board and the connection thereof are reliable                                 |  |
| The Wire Controller Does Not Match<br>The Mainboard | E084                                    | The mainboard software code is inconsistent with the setting                                       | Normal operation, not affected  |  |
| DC Fan Board 1 Communication Fault                  | E081                                    | Communication of the speed regulation module 1 with main board is abnormal                         | Check the speed regulation module 1 and the main board and if their connections are normal and reliable                     |  |
| Syst1: High Pressure Prot.                          | E11                                     | The high-voltage switch of the system is disconnected  | Inspect System 1 voltage switch and refrigerating circuit for any failure   |  |
| Syst2: High Pressure Prot.                          | E21                                     | The high-voltage switch of the system is disconnected  | Inspect System 2 voltage switch and refrigerating circuit for any failure   |  |
| Syst1: Low Pressure Prot.                           | E12                                     | The low-voltage switch of the system is disconnected   | Inspect System 1 voltage switch and refrigerating circuit for any failure   |  |
| Syst2: Low Pressure Prot.                           | E22                                     | The low-voltage switch of the system is disconnected   | Inspect System 2 voltage switch and refrigerating circuit for any failure   |  |
| Water Flow Switch Prot.                             | E032                                    | The water system has no or only few water  | Inspect whether the water flow of the water pipe conforms to related requirements and check the water pump for any damages  |  |
| Electric Heater Overload Prot.                      | E04                                     | Electric heating overheat protection switch is disconnected  | Inspect whether the electric heating is under operation condition of over 150 $^{\circ}$ C for a long time                  |  |
| Primary Antifreezing Prot. In Winter                | E19                                     | Excessively low environment temperature  | The environment temperature is more than 4 ° C  |  |
| Secondary Antifreezing Prot. in Winter              | E29                                     | Excessively low environment temperature  | The environment temperature is more than 4 ° C  |  |
| Syst1: Antifreezing Prot. E1                        |   | The water flow of the system is insufficient   | Inspect whether the water flow of the water pipe conforms to related requirements and check the water pump for any blockage |  |
| Syst2: Antifreezing Prot.                           | E271                                    | The water flow of the system is insufficient   | Inspect whether the water flow of the water pipe conforms to related requirements and check the water pump for any blockage |  |
| Water(Out) High Temp Prot.                          | E065                                    | Excessively high water outlet temperature  | Adjust the outlet water temperature < A07-10 C  |  |
| Fan 1 Thermal Overload Prot.                        | E103                                    | Fan 1 thermal overload   | Check if fan 1 is running normally  |  |
| Fan 2 Thermal Overload Prot.                        | E203                                    | Fan 2 thermal overload   | Check if fan 2 is running normally  |  |
| Syst1: Exhaust Air High Temp Prot.                  | P182                                    | The system compressor is overloaded  | Inspect whether the operation of System 1 compressor is normal  |  |
| Syst2: Exhaust Air High Temp Prot.                  | P282                                    | The system compressor is overloaded  | Inspect whether the operation of System 2 compressor is normal  |  |
| Water In/Out Large Temp Diff Prot.                  | E06                                     | The water flow of the system is insufficient, the pressure difference of the water system is small | Inspect whether the water flow of the water pipe conforms to related requirements and check the water pump for any blockage |  |
| Water(Out) Low Temp Prot.                           | E071                                    | Excessively low water outlet temperature   | Adjust the outlet water temperature ≥8 C  |  |
| Low Water Flow Prot.                                | ow Water Flow Prot. E035 The system has |  | Check if the water flow of water pipe meets the requirements and if the water pump is damaged.                              |  |
| Syst1: 4-Way Valve Abnormal Switch                  | E121                                    | The system 4-way valve switching failure   | Check if the state of the 4-way valve switching direction is the desired state  |  |
| Syst2: 4-Way Valve Abnormal Switch                  | E221                                    | The system 4-way valve switching failure   | Check if the state of the 4-way valve switching direction is the desired state  |  |
| Water In Sensor Fault                               | P01                                     | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited  | Check and replace inlet water temperature sensor  |  |
| Water Out Sensor Fault                              | P02                                     | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited  | Check and replace outlet water temperature sensor   |  |

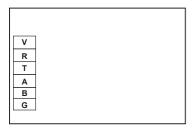
| Protection/fault                                 | Codes | Causes   | Removal methods  |
|--|-------|--|--|
| Syst1: Coil Temp Sensor1 Fault                   | P150  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 coil 1 temperature sensor   |
| AT Sensor Fault                                  | P04   | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the ambient temperature sensor   |
| Syst1: Suction Temp Sensor Fault                 | P17   | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 return air temperature sensor   |
| Syst1: Antifreezing 1 Sensor Fault               | P191  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 use side<br>antifreeze 1 temperature sensor                               |
| Syst2:Coil Temp Sensor1 Fault                    | P250  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 2 coil 1 temperature sensor   |
| Syst1: Coil(Out) Temp Sensor Fault               | P152  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 coil outlet temperature sensor  |
| Syst2: Coil(Out) Temp Sensor Fault               | P252  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 2 coil outlet temperature sensor  |
| Syst1: EVI(In) Temp Sensor Fault                 | P101  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 EVI inlet temperature sensor  |
| Syst1: EVI(Out) Temp Sensor Fault                | P102  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 EVI outlet temperature sensor   |
| Syst1: Exhaust Air Temp Sensor Fault             | P181  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 exhaust temperature sensor  |
| Syst1: Low Pressure Sensor Fault                 | PP11  | The sensor is open or short circuited                                      | Check and replace the system 1 low pressure sensor   |
| Syst2: Suction Temp Sensor Fault                 | P27   | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 2 return air temperature sensor   |
| Syst2: Antifreezing 1 Sensor Fault               | P291  | Temperature sensor fault   | Check if the temperature sensor is working properly  |
| Syst1: High Pressure Sensor Fault                | PP12  | The sensor is open or short circuited                                      | Check and replace the system 1 high pressure sensor  |
| Syst2: High Pressure Sensor Fault                | PP22  | The sensor is open or short circuited                                      | Check and replace the system 2 high pressure sensor  |
| Syst2: Exhaust Air Temp Sensor Fault             | P281  | Open circuit or short circuit of the temperature sensor                    | Inspect and replace System 2 exhaust temperature sensor  |
| Syst2: Low Pressure Sensor Fault                 | PP21  | Open circuit or short circuit of the sensor                                | Inspect and replace System 2 low-voltage sensor  |
| Syst2: EVI(In) Temp Sensor Fault                 | P201  | Open circuit or short circuit of the temperature sensor                    | Inspect and replace System 2 EVI inlet temperature sensor  |
| Syst2: EVI(Out) Temp Sensor Fault                | P202  | Open circuit or short circuit of the temperature sensor                    | Inspect and replace System 2 EVI outlet temperature sensor   |
| Low AT Power-Off Prot.                           | TP    | Excessively low ambient temperature  | Adjust the ambient temperature   |
| Syst1: Coil Temp Sensor2 Fault                   | P154  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 1 coil 2 temperature sensor   |
| DC Fan Board 2 Communication Fault               | E082  | Communication of the speed regulation module 2 with main board is abnormal | Check the speed regulation module 2 and the main board and if their connections are normal and reliable. |
| Syst2: Coil Temp Sensor2 Fault                   | P254  | The temperature sensor is open or short circuited                          | Check and replace the system 2 coil 2 temperature sensor   |
| Syst1: The Inverter Board<br>Communication Fault | F151  | Communication failure with system 1 inverter board                         | Check if the communication line is normal;     Check if the system 1 inverter board is normal            |
| Syst1: Comp. Start Fault                         | F152  | System 1 compressor failed to start  | Check if the compressor line is normal;     Check if the system 1 compressor is blocked                  |
| Syst1: Comp. Start IPM Prot.                     | F153  | System 1 compressor starting current is too large                          | Check if the starting high pressure is excessive;     Check if the system 1 compressor is blocked        |
| Syst1:Comp. Running IPM Prot.                    | F154  | System 1 compressor running current is too large                           | Check if the pressure ratio is too high  |
| Syst1: Comp. Overcurrent Prot.                   | F156  | System 1 compressor running current is too large                           | Check if the pressure ratio is too high  |
| Syst1:The Inverter Board IPM<br>Over-Temp. Prot. | F155  | System 1 compressor drive board has poor heat dissipation                  | Check if there is a gap in the installation of the fluorine-cooled heat sink                             |
| Syst1:The Inverter Board Bus Over Voltage Prot.  | F157  | Voltage is too high  | Check if the input voltage is higher than 480V   |

| Protection/fault                                 | Codes | Causes   | Removal methods  |  |
|--|-------|--|--|--|
| Syst1:The Inverter Board Bus Under Voltage Prot. | F158  | Voltage is too low                                 | Check if the input voltage is lower than 250V  |  |
| Syst2: The Inverter Board<br>Communication Fault | F251  | Communication failure with system 2 inverter board | Check if the communication line is normal;     Check if the system 2 inverter board is normal                              |  |
| Syst2: Comp. Start Fault                         | F252  | System 2 compressor failed to start                | Check if the compressor line is normal;     Check if the system 2 compressor is blocked                                    |  |
| Syst2: Comp. Start IPM Prot.                     | F253  | System 2 compressor starting current is too large  | <ol> <li>Check if the starting high pressure is excessive;</li> <li>Check if the system 2 compressor is blocked</li> </ol> |  |
| Syst2: Comp. Running IPM Prot.                   | F254  | System 2 compressor running current is too large   | Check if the pressure ratio is too high  |  |
| Syst2: Comp. Overcurrent Prot.                   | F256  | System 2 compressor running current is too large   | Check if the pressure ratio is too high  |  |
| Syst2:The Inverter Board IPM<br>Over-Temp Prot.  | F255  | System 2 inverter board has poor heat dissipation  | Check if there is a gap in the installation of the fluorine-cooled heat sink   |  |
| Syst2:The Inverter Board Bus Over Voltage Prot.  | F257  | Voltage is too high                                | Check if the input voltage is higher than 480V   |  |
| Syst2:The Inverter Board Bus Under Voltage Prot. | F258  | Voltage is too low                                 | Check if the input voltage is lower than 250V  |  |
| DC Fan 1 Phase Loss Prot.                        | F101  | System 1 fan failed to start                       | Check if the system 1 fan line is normal   |  |
| DC Fan 1 Zero Speed Prot.                        | F102  | System 1 fan failed to start                       | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 1 Start IPM Prot.                         | F103  | System 1 fan starting current is too large         | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 1 Running IPM Prot.                       | F104  | System 1 fan running current is too large          | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 1 Overcurrent Prot.                       | F105  | System 1 fan running current is too large          | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 1 Over-Temp Prot.                         | F106  | System 1 fan drive board has poor heat dissipation | Check the heat dissipation condition   |  |
| DC Fan 1 Bus Over Voltage Prot.                  | F107  | Voltage is too high                                | Check if the input voltage is higher than 480V   |  |
| DC Fan 1 Bus Under Voltage Prot.                 | F108  | Voltage is too low                                 | Check if the input voltage is lower than 250V  |  |
| DC Fan 2 Output Phase Loss Prot.                 | F201  | System 2 fan failed to start                       | Check if the system 2 fan line is normal   |  |
| DC Fan 2 Output Zero Speed Prot.                 | F202  | System 2 fan failed to start                       | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 2 Start IPM Prot.                         | F203  | System 2 fan starting current is too large         | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 2 Running IPM Prot.                       | F204  | System 2 fan running current is too large          | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 2 Overcurrent Prot.                       | F205  | System 2 fan running current is too large          | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan 2 Over-Temp Prot.                         | F206  | System 2 fan drive board has poor heat dissipation | Check the heat dissipation condition   |  |
| DC Fan 2 Bus Over Voltage Prot.                  | F207  | Voltage is too high                                | Check if the input voltage is higher than 480V   |  |
| DC Fan 2 Bus Under Voltage Prot.                 | F208  | Voltage is too low                                 | Check if the input voltage is lower than 250V  |  |
| Abnormal Power Fault                             | EE1   | Power failure occurs on the home interface         | The failure is cleared by the main control after 3 minutes   |  |
| DC Fan Motor 1 Current Sampling Fault            | F112  | The current sampling of fan 1 is abnormal          | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan Motor 2 Current Sampling Fault            | F212  | The current sampling of fan 2 is abnormal          | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan Motor 1 Overspeed<br>Protection           | F109  | The fan speed of system 1 is too high              | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan Motor 2 Overspeed<br>Protection           | F209  | The fan speed of system 2 is too high              | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |

| Protection/fault Code                    |      | Causes  | Removal methods  |  |
|--|------|---|--|--|
| DC Fan Motor 1<br>Lowspeed Protection    | F110 | The fan speed of system 1 is incorrect                                  | Check if the system 1 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| DC Fan Motor 2<br>Lowspeed Protection    | F210 | The fan speed of system 2 is incorrect                                  | Check if the system 2 fan rotor is locked  |  |
| Comprossor Type Error                    | F088 | The compressor model is incorrect                                       | Check if the compressor model parameters are consistent with the corresponding model |  |
| Low Ambient Temp Not<br>Allow Cooling    | тс   | Ambient temperature is too low to allow cooling                         | Check if the ambient temperature sensor is working properly                          |  |
| Inlet and Outlet Water<br>Abnormal Prot. | E064 | Current inlet water temp. nd outlet water temp. Difference is too large | Check if the inlet and outlet water temperature sensor is working properly           |  |

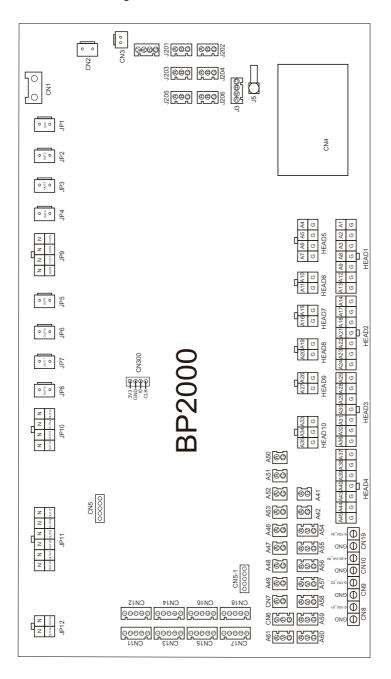
# 5.4 Interface diagram

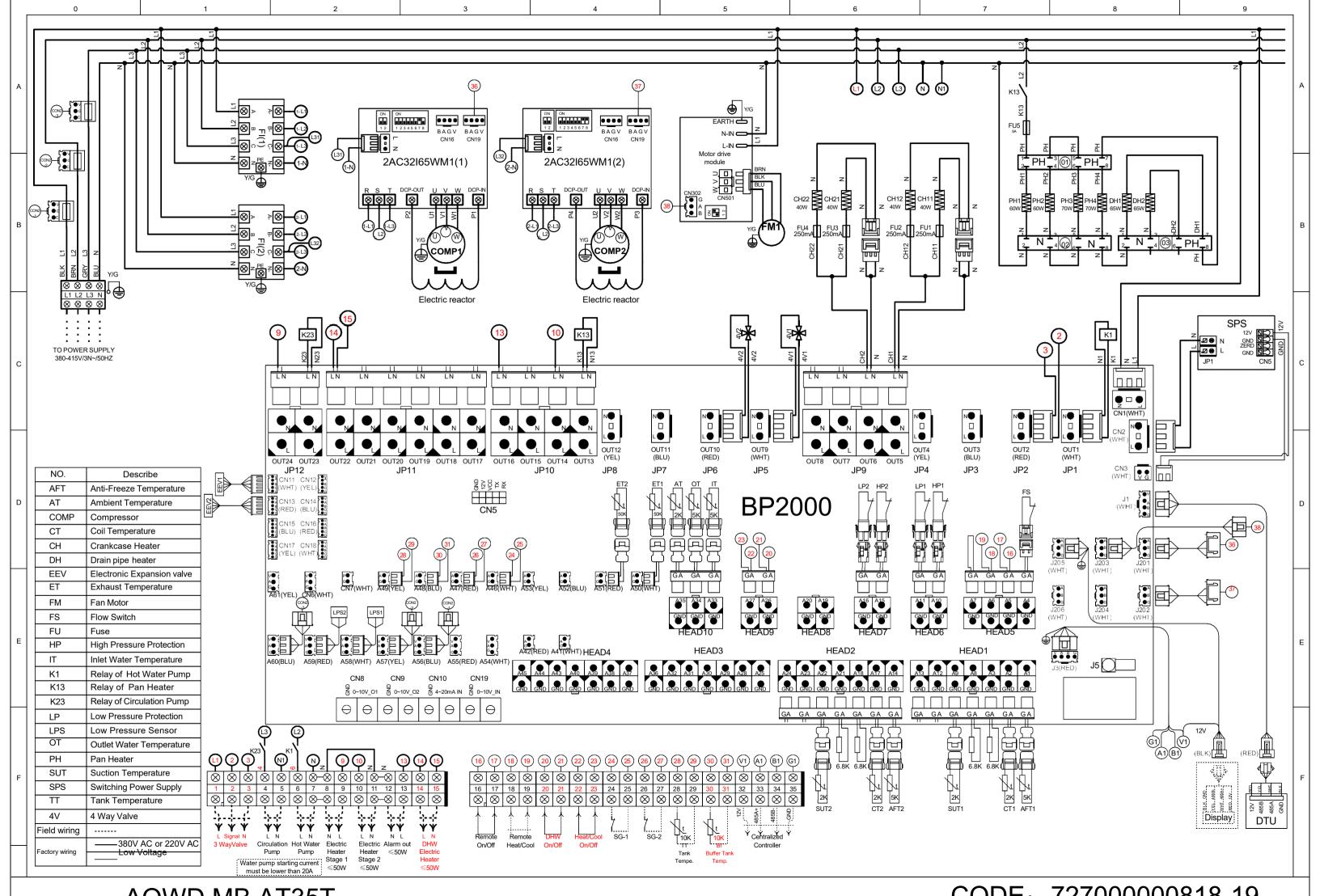
# (1) Wire control interface diagram and definition



| Sign | Meaning      |  |  |  |
|------|--------------|--|--|--|
| ٧    | 12V (power+) |  |  |  |
| R    | No use       |  |  |  |
| Т    | No use       |  |  |  |
| Α    | 485A         |  |  |  |
| В    | 485B         |  |  |  |
| G    | GND(power-)  |  |  |  |

### (2) Controller interface diagram and definition





**AOWD MB AT35T** 

CODE: 727000000818-19

# (3) The input and output interface instructions

| No. | Sign | Meaning                        | No. | Sign | Meaning                   |
|-----|------|--------------------------------|-----|------|---------------------------|
| 1   | A1   | Syst1: Antifreezing Temp       | 41  | A41  | Syst1: Fan Overload Prot. |
| 2   | A2   | Syst1: Coil Temp 1             | 42  | A42  | Syst2: Fan Overload Prot. |
| 3   | А3   | Syst1: Coil Temp 2             | 43  | A43  | Reserved                  |
| 4   | A4   | Water Flow Switch              | 44  | A44  | Reserved                  |
| 5   | A5   | Emergency Input                | 45  | A45  | Reserved                  |
| 6   | A6   | Mode                           | 46  | A46  | Reserved                  |
| 7   | A7   | Electric Heater Overload Prot. | 47  | A47  | Reserved                  |
| 8   | A8   | Syst1: Outlet(Coil) Temp       | 48  | A48  | Reserved                  |
| 9   | A9   | Syst1: Suction Temp            | 49  | A49  | Reserved                  |
| 10  | A10  | Syst1: HP Switch               | 50  | A50  | Syst1: Exhaust Air Temp   |
| 11  | A11  | Syst1: LP Switch               | 51  | A51  | Syst2: Exhaust Air Temp   |
| 12  | A12  | Reserved                       | 52  | A52  | Reserved                  |
| 13  | A13  | Reserved                       | 53  | A53  | Reserved                  |
| 14  | A14  | Syst2: Antifreezing Temp       | 54  | A54  | Syst1: High Pressure      |
| 15  | A15  | Syst2: HP Switch               | 55  | A55  | Syst2: High Pressure      |
| 16  | A16  | Syst2: LP Switch               | 56  | A56  | Reserved                  |
| 17  | A17  | Syst2: Coil Temp 1             | 57  | A57  | Reserved                  |
| 18  | A18  | Syst2: Coil Temp 2             | 58  | A58  | Syst1: Low Pressure       |
| 19  | A19  | Reserved                       | 59  | A59  | Syst2: Low Pressure       |
| 20  | A20  | Reserved                       | 60  | A60  | Reserved                  |
| 21  | A21  | Syst2: Outlet(Coil) Temp       | 61  | A61  | Reserved                  |
| 22  | A22  | Syst2: Suction Temp            | 62  | CN1  | 220V input                |
| 23  | A23  | Reserved                       | 63  | CN2  | 220V output               |
| 24  | A24  | Reserved                       | 64  | CN3  | 12V input                 |
| 25  | A25  | Reserved                       | 65  | CN4  | PCle DTU                  |
| 26  | A26  | Reserved                       | 66  | CN5  | Expansion Board           |
| 27  | A27  | Reserved                       | 67  | CN6  | Reserved                  |
| 28  | A28  | Reserved                       | 68  | CN7  | Reserved                  |
| 29  | A29  | Reserved                       | 69  | CN8  | Reserved                  |
| 30  | A30  | Reserved                       | 70  | CN9  | Reserved                  |
| 31  | A31  | Reserved                       | 71  | CN10 | Reserved                  |
| 32  | A32  | Reserved                       | 72  | CN11 | Syst1: EEV Big Valve      |
| 33  | A33  | Inlet(Water) Temp              | 73  | CN12 | Reserved                  |
| 34  | A34  | Outlet(Water) Temp             | 74  | CN13 | Syst2: EEV Big Valve      |
| 35  | A35  | Ambient Temperature            | 75  | CN14 | Syst2: EVI EEV Valve      |
| 36  | A36  | Reserved                       | 76  | CN15 | Syst1: EVI EEV Valve      |
| 37  | A37  | Reserved                       | 77  | CN16 | Syst2: EEV Small Valve    |
| 38  | A38  | Reserved                       | 78  | CN17 | Reserved                  |
| 39  | A39  | Reserved                       | 79  | CN18 | Syst1: EEV Small Valve    |
| 40  | A40  | Reserved                       | 80  | CN19 | Reserved                  |

| No. | Sign  | Meaning                                   | No. | Sign  | Meaning                  |
|-----|-------|---|-----|-------|--------------------------|
| 81  | CN23  | Reserved                                  | 98  | OUT8  | Reserved                 |
| 82  | CN300 | Program port                              | 99  | OUT9  | Syst1:4-Way Valve        |
| 83  | J1    | DTU                                       | 100 | OUT10 | Syst2:4-Way Valve        |
| 84  | J201  | Compressor inverter board 1               | 101 | OUT11 | Reserved                 |
| 85  | J202  | Compressor inverter board 2               | 102 | OUT12 | Reserved                 |
| 86  | J203  | DC fan board 1                            | 103 | OUT13 | Water plate heating belt |
| 87  | J204  | Reserved                                  | 104 | OUT14 | Reserved                 |
| 88  | J205  | Color wire controller                     | 105 | OUT15 | Reserved                 |
| 89  | J206  | Reserved                                  | 106 | OUT16 | Reserved                 |
| 90  | J3    | Centralized controller communication port | 107 | OUT17 | Syst1: Fan low speed     |
| 91  | OUT1  | Reserved                                  | 108 | OUT18 | Syst1: Fan high speed    |
| 92  | OUT2  | Reserved                                  | 109 | OUT19 | Syst1: Fan high speed 2  |
| 93  | OUT3  | Reserved                                  | 110 | OUT20 | Syst1: Fan low speed     |
| 94  | OUT4  | Reserved                                  | 111 | OUT21 | Syst1: Fan high speed    |
| 95  | OUT5  | Syst1: Crankshaft Heater                  | 112 | OUT22 | Syst1: Fan high speed 2  |
| 96  | оит6  | Syst2: Crankshaft Heater                  | 113 | OUT23 | Circulating Pump         |
| 97  | OUT7  | Reserved                                  | 114 | OUT24 | Electric Heater          |

# 6. Appendix 2. Cable specification

### 1. Single phase unit

| Nameplate<br>maximum<br>current | Phase line                   | Earth line         | arth line MCB Creepage protector |                        | Signal line         |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| No more<br>than 10A             | 2×1.5mm <sup>2</sup>         | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> | 20A                              | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 10~16A                          | $2\times2.5$ mm <sup>2</sup> | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> | 32A                              | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 16~25A                          | 2×4mm <sup>2</sup>           | 4mm <sup>2</sup>   | 40A                              | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 25~32A                          | 2×6mm <sup>2</sup>           | 6mm <sup>2</sup>   | 40A                              | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 32~40A                          | 2×10mm <sup>2</sup>          | 10mm <sup>2</sup>  | 63A                              | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 40~63A                          | 2×16mm <sup>2</sup>          | 16mm <sup>2</sup>  | 80A                              | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | $n \times 0.5 mm^2$ |
| 63~75A                          | 2×25mm <sup>2</sup>          | 25mm <sup>2</sup>  | 100A                             | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 75~101A                         | 2×25mm <sup>2</sup>          | 25mm <sup>2</sup>  | 125A                             | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 101~123A                        | $2\times35$ mm <sup>2</sup>  | 35mm <sup>2</sup>  | 160A                             | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 123~148A                        | 2×50mm <sup>2</sup>          | 50mm <sup>2</sup>  | 225A                             | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 148~186A                        | 2×70mm <sup>2</sup>          | 70mm <sup>2</sup>  | 250A                             | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 186~224A                        | $2 \times 95 \text{mm}^2$    | 95mm <sup>2</sup>  | 280A                             | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |

### 2. Three phase unit

| Nameplate<br>maximum<br>current | Phase line                   | Earth line         | МСВ  | Creepage protector     | Signal line         |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------|
| No more                         |                              |                    |      |                        |                     |
| than 10A                        | 3×1.5mm <sup>2</sup>         | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> | 20A  | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 10~16A                          | $3\times2.5$ mm <sup>2</sup> | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> | 32A  | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 16~25A                          | $3\times4$ mm <sup>2</sup>   | 4mm <sup>2</sup>   | 40A  | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 25~32A                          | $3 \times 6 \text{mm}^2$     | 6mm <sup>2</sup>   | 40A  | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 32~40A                          | $3 \times 10 \text{mm}^2$    | 10mm <sup>2</sup>  | 63A  | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 40~63A                          | $3\times16$ mm <sup>2</sup>  | 16mm <sup>2</sup>  | 80A  | 30mA less than 0.1 sec | $n \times 0.5 mm^2$ |
| 63~75A                          | $3\times25$ mm <sup>2</sup>  | 25mm <sup>2</sup>  | 100A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 75~101A                         | $3\times25$ mm <sup>2</sup>  | 25mm <sup>2</sup>  | 125A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 101~123A                        | $3\times35$ mm <sup>2</sup>  | 35mm <sup>2</sup>  | 160A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 123~148A                        | $3 \times 50 \text{mm}^2$    | 50mm <sup>2</sup>  | 225A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 148~186A                        | $3 \times 70 \text{mm}^2$    | 70mm <sup>2</sup>  | 250A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |
| 186~224A                        | $3 \times 95 \text{mm}^2$    | 95mm <sup>2</sup>  | 280A | 30mA less than 0.1 sec |                     |

When the unit will be installed at outdoor, please use the cable which can against UV.

# deitsu



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